Chain of Thought Imitation with Procedure Cloning

Mengjiao (Sherry) Yang, Dale Schuurmans, Pieter Abbeel, Ofir Nachum Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 35 (NeurIPS 2022)

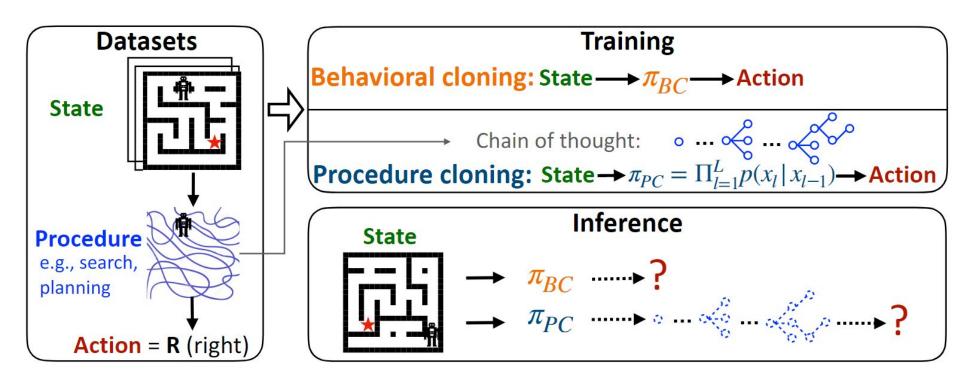
Purpose

- The aim of this paper is improvement of behavioral cloning methods.
 - Agents trained with BC objective can quickly fail to generalize to unseen states

- Chain of thought imitation: imitation learning using procedure cloning.

Procedure cloning

- Learn not only the expert's actions, but also the process for taking those actions.
- Predicts optimal behavior by autoregressively generating an expert's thought process



Auxiliary Behavioral Cloning (Aux BC)

Add procedural information to Behavioral cloning as supporting role for more effective learning

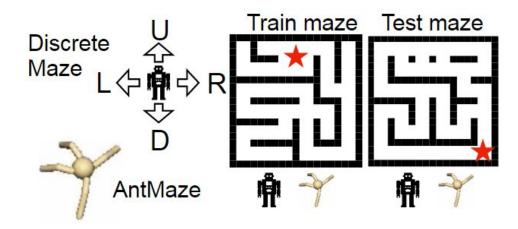
Augmented Behavioral Cloning (Aug BC)

Improve agent performance by extending expert demonstrations and generating more diverse training data

robot navigation in 2D Maze

discrete maze

agents use four discrete actions (up, down, left, right) to reach a target point. BFS



AntMaze

Four-legged agent "Ant" aims for the goal in a 2D maze.

Navigation - result

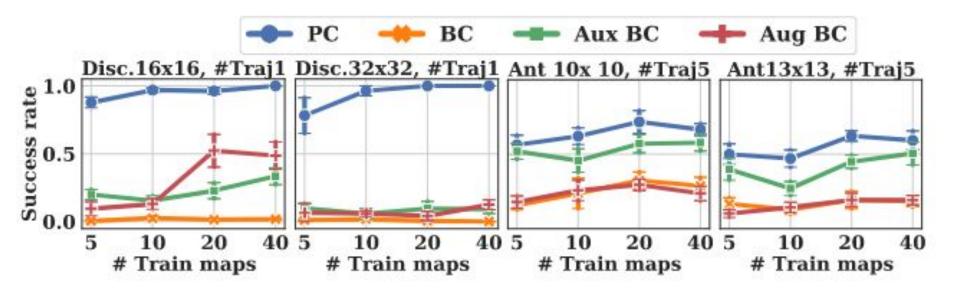
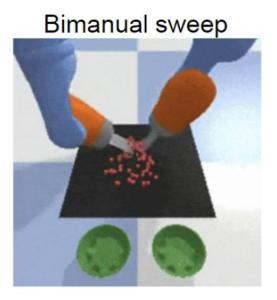


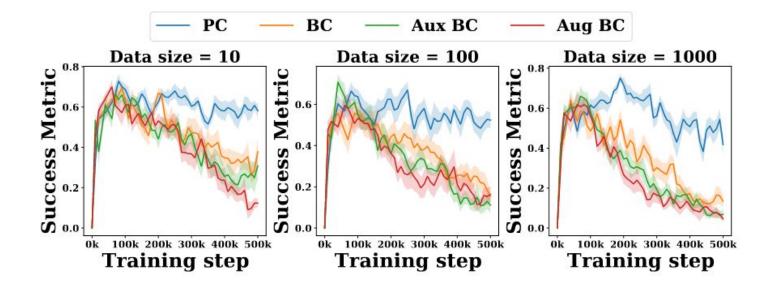
Image-based robot manipulation

The two-handed sweeping task

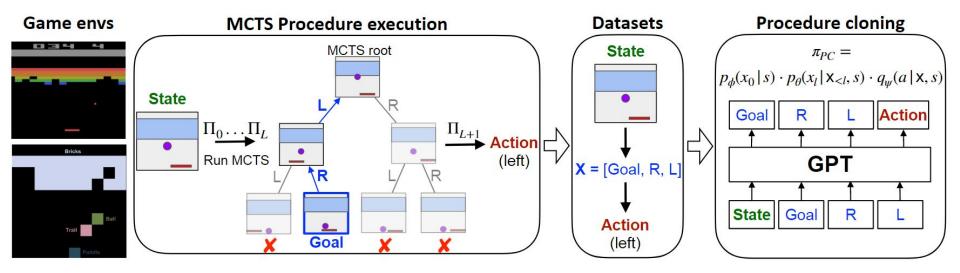
sweep a pile of particles evenly into two bowls while avoiding dropping particles

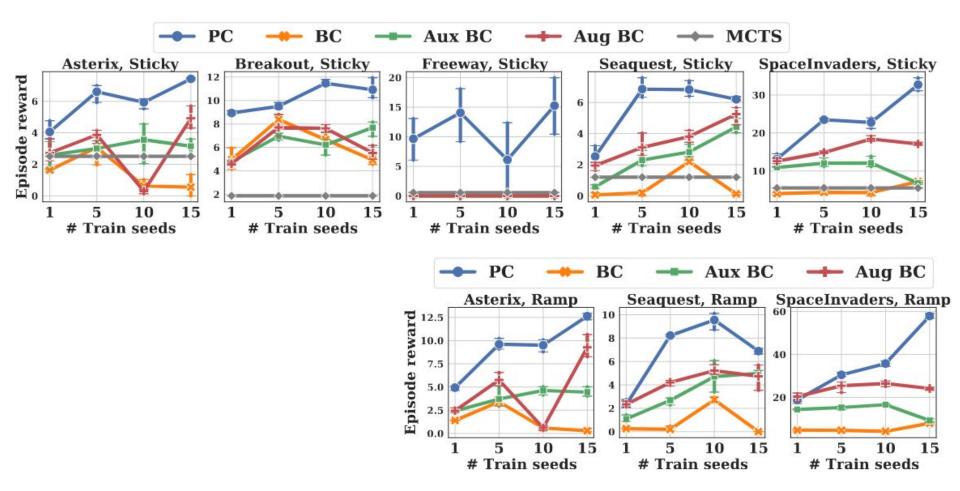


Robotic Manipulation - result



Strategy games in MinAtar





Conclusion

Procedure cloning algorithms perform better than other alternative methods and can improve the ability of agents to perform goal-achieving tasks in unknown environments

The procedure cloning algorithm is useful in robot control and reinforcement learning

Thank you for listening