# Revisiting Some Common Practices in Cooperative Multi-Agent Reinforcement Learning

Wei Fu, Chao Yu, Zelai Xu, Jiaqi Yang, Yi Wu Proceedings of the 39th International Conference on Machine Learning, PMLR, 2022.

# Goal

# Revisiting common design principles in **Cooperative Multi-Agent ML**

- Value Decomposition (VD)
- parameter sharing

Propose method to resolve limitation of common methods

# Background: Value-Decomposition (VD)

$$Q_{\text{tot}}(s, \mathbf{a}) = f_{\text{mix}}\left(Q_1\left(o^1, a^1\right), \dots, Q_n\left(o^n, a^n\right); s\right),$$





Can't solve multi-modal problem

# **Policy Gradient**

- parameter sharing  $\rightarrow$  can't solve
- Individual policy → single optimal mode & may challenge optimization
- ID-conditioned policy  $\rightarrow$  single optimal mode

# Policy for Multi-modal

Executing Individual PG with every agent order can achieve this, but need large computation

# Covering all modes with single policy??

# PG-AR (Auto-Regressive)

Individual: 
$$\pi(\mathbf{a} \mid \mathbf{o}) \approx \prod_{i=1}^{n} \pi_{\theta_i} \left( a^i \mid o^i \right)$$
  
PG-AR:  $\pi_{\theta}(\mathbf{a} \mid \mathbf{o}) \approx \prod_{i=1}^{n} \pi_{\theta^{x_i}} \left( a^{x_i} \mid o^{x_i}, a^{x_1}, \dots, a^{x_{i-1}} \right)$ 

 $\frac{\text{PG-AR}}{\ln \text{XOR game:}} \pi \left( a^1, a^2 \right) = \pi \left( a^1 \right) \pi \left( a^2 \mid a^1 \right)$ 

# Permutation game



# Individual policy: 4-agent permutation game

0.00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 1.00 00 0.00

#### Individual



Payoff

# PG-AR (Auto-Regressive)

#### Multi-modal policy



#### Auto-Regressive



Payoff

# **Training Paradigms**

- Multi-step optimization minimize calculation

- Randomized execution order prevent overfitting

# PG-AR on Popular Testbeds

StarCraft

- Alternate attacking with other agents

Google Research Foot-ball

- keeps short passing the ball to other

#### It took a lot to optimize, but learned new behavior

# Conclusion

In multi-modal scenarios, Value-decomposition and parameter sharing can lead unsatisfying behavior.

Policy gradient can learn multi-modal behavior by using auto-regressive.

# Thank you for your attention.